to be done and we have always the hope of accomplishing much more than what we have done. One beautiful feature about the administration and politics of Mysore is the close co-operation between the Government and the representatives of the people in all matters affecting the ultimate good of Mysore. No one need have any misgivings or doubts that this co-operation is going to be in the least affected by any trivial things that may come in between as on temporary occasions. As members of a single household, we may have some matters of detail in regard to which there may be slight differences, but our main objective being our common concern, no one need have the slightest doubts or misgivings that this harmonious relationship will be disturbed in the slightest measure. Doubtless there will be differences of opinion, vital at times, as regards the ways and means of accomplishing our common end—the welfare of Mysore. But that need not rend us apart and there should be an enlightened give-and-take policy. If Mysore has to advance still further, if Mysore has to accomplish many more things, it will be rendered possible only by this welcome aspect of just and honourable co-operation between the people and the Government, between the Ruler and the ruled.

It is needless for me to refer to the various other matters that you have been pleased to refer to in your Address. The address to which we have all listened just now has been a memorable one and it will remain in our memories for a long time after we have departed from this Assembly.

Last but not least, I wish to refer to one other matter. Immediately after the close of this Assembly on the last occasion, there was an oppressive sense of anxiety and fear in the mind of the whole State, nay of the whole of India, on account of the illness of our beloved Highness. It is a source of gratification for us all that, on this occasion when we have met again, we have been able to meet with a sense of relief, joy and profound gratification that our Highness has been restored to His health. (Loud and prolonged cheers). For, His Highness is loved not only by Mysore, not only by India, but by the whole world. When such a great personality fell ill, not Mysore only, not India only, but the whole world was running through a period of great anxiety. It is a great thing, it is our *punya*, a blessing which God has bestowed upon us, that His Highness has been restored to His usual health. Let us pray to Providence that His Highness' health will grow better from day to day and that He may continue to rule over this beautiful State of ours for a long long time. May His health grow better from day to day!—that is the earnest prayer of all of us.

Sir, I thank you once more for your illuminating Address and the welcome you have extended to us.

Mr. C. K. VENKATARAMAIYA, Kannada Translator to Government, then read the Kannada translation of the Dewan's Address.

Swearing in of New Members.

MESSRS. R. C. MORRIS (European Planting), YEJAMAN VEERABHADRACHAR (Minorities), and NARASIMHE GOWDA (Tarikere Taluk) made the prescribed Oath of Allegiance to His Highness the Maharaja and took their seats.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Tuberculosis Sanatorium.

Q.—1. Mr. C. N. NARASINGA RAO (Bangalore City Municipality).—Will the Government be pleased to state

(*a*) the number of patients admitted to the Tuberculosis Sanatorium in Mysore during the last ten years; (information may be given for each year)

(*b*) the number of applications received for admission to the sanatorium each year;

(*c*) were any patients not admitted on the ground of want of accommodation or kept on the waiting list and, if so, their number;

(*d*) how many patients among those treated were non-Mysoreans;

(*e*) the number of deaths in Bangalore City, Mysore City and other towns in the Mysore State due to tuberculosis during the same period of ten years;

(*f*) what is the total number of beds in the sanatorium at Mysore;

(*g*) whether they contemplate taking steps to have a sanatorium in Bangalore;

(*h*) whether they contemplate taking steps to have a survey made to show the great prevalence of this disease in Bangalore City and other places?

A.—The GENERAL SECRETARY to GOVERNMENT (Mr. H. V. Ramaswami).—

(*a*) 1,767;—

Year	No. of patients admitted
1926	94
1927	98
1928	96
1929	102
1930	97
1931	243
1932	261
1933	246
1934	273
1935 up to date ...	257

(*b*) 940 from July 1929 to July 1935. About 160 per year.

(*c*) Yes, but they were subsequently admitted when accommodation was available. It is not possible to give their exact number.

(*d*) 303 from 1929.

(*e*)

Bangalore City	...	2,993
Mysore City	...	2,287
K. G. F.	...	669

Statistics for the other towns in the State are not available.

(*f*) 98.

(*g*) No.

(*h*) No.

Mr. C. N. NARASINGA RAO.—Are Government aware that for some years past it has not been possible to admit all the patients seeking admission in the sanatorium at Mysore on account of inadequacy of accommodation?

The SENIOR SURGEON (Sastravaidyapravina Dr. S. Subba Rao).—Yes, but that is the case with all the hospitals.

Mr. C. N. NARASINGA RAO.—Are you aware that in the sanatorium more non-Mysoreans are accommodated than Mysoreans?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—I do not think that it would be quite correct to say so. There are some paying or special wards to which more outsiders seek admission. Mysoreans generally go to the general wards where no fee is charged. But if they also are willing to pay, they will be given the first preference.

Mr. C. N. NARASINGA RAO.—Are Government aware that the ascertained mortality figure due to tuberculosis in Bangalore City is as high as 50 or 60 a month and that the total number of deaths from tuberculosis must naturally be many more?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—Possibly so. But all cases of consumption cannot be admitted to the sanatorium.

Mr. C. N. NARASINGA RAO.—Is it not a fact that several patients are sent back to Bangalore for want of beds and is it not therefore necessary that more beds should be provided in the Mysore sanatorium?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—If provision could be made for adequate number of beds at Mysore and perhaps also at Bangalore, it will be very good. But it is essentially a question of funds.

Mr. C. N. NARASINGA RAO.—With reference to the answer to (*h*), may I ask whether it would not be necessary to conduct a survey since the disease is on the increase?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—About 4 years ago a tuberculosis survey of the entire State was conducted by a specialist from Madras (Dr. Chandrasekhar). His report has been printed and the results of his enquiries also published. So there is no need for another survey now.

Mr. C. N. NARASINGA RAO.—Would it not be possible to run the Tuberculosis Sanatorium at less cost than at present? The expenditure incurred on it is steadily increasing.

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—No; but as against 32 beds which we had formerly, we have within these 4 years increased the number to 98 and this number will have to be further added to.

Mr. C. N. NARASINGA RAO.—In how many years, would it be possible to

provide the full required number of beds ?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—I cannot say.

Mr. Malur SUBBA RAO.—With reference to question (*b*), is it a fact that Mysoreans are generally kept waiting and admitted only if outsiders do not require accommodation ?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—That is not true, though accommodation is sometimes difficult to get in the general wards. But beds are always available in the special wards. When there are no patients from within the State, instead of keeping the beds vacant, we give them to applicants from outside and get more money. The fee charged in their case is Rs. 4 per day against Rs. 2-8-0 in the case of Mysoreans.

Mr. Malur SUBBA RAO.—Is it a fact that those on the waiting list are asked to reside somewhere in the Vontikoppal Extension and go to the sanatorium for treatment only as out-patients ?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—Yes, in some cases, they need not be in-patients.

Mr. T. MADIAH GOWDA.—Are you aware that one poor Mahomedan patient from Closepet has been trying to secure admission into the sanatorium for the past 4 or 5 years in vain ?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—We do not take in all cases as in-patients. We admit only such patients as can derive any benefit from the admission.

Mr. T. MADIAH GOWDA.—Has it come to the notice of the Government that in some cases patients are being tossed about from hospital to hospital owing to differences of opinion relating to diagnosis of the disease ?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—No. But there may be a few cases like that.

Mr. NIRVANAPPA SETTY.—Is it right on the part of the hospital authorities to inconvenience patients like that ?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—If any such cases are brought to notice, I shall institute necessary inquiries.

Mr. V. VENKATAPPA.—What will be the cost of opening a sanatorium in Bangalore ?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—About Rs. 2 lakhs for the buildings and equipment and Rs 30,000 to Rs. 40,000 a year by way of recurring expenditure.

Mr. MIR MAHOMED SAHIB.—Will the Government be pleased to consider the question of opening a sanatorium in the malnad ?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—Yes, we would also do it very soon, provided funds become available.

Mr. M. SUBBAIYA.—Despite all the action taken, I am afraid the disease is on the increase. Is it not possible to completely eradicate it ?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—I am afraid that situated as we are at present, it is not possible completely to eradicate the disease. But if all people can have plenty of fresh air, healthy food and clean surroundings they will not suffer from tuberculosis at all. Prevention is certainly better than cure and with this end in view, we do plenty of propaganda through cinema films and hand-bills in order to educate the people.

Mr. S. K. VENKATARANGA IYENGAR.—The Senior Surgeon was pleased to say that with Rs. 2 lakhs a sanatorium can be opened at Bangalore. How many beds could it provide ?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—About 120.

Mr. S. K. VENKATARANGA IYENGAR.—Supposing the Municipality and the District Board agree to contribute a portion of the cost, will the Government be prepared to contribute the rest?

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO.—That question may be considered if the local bodies are prepared to contribute and send up resolutions to that effect.

Mr. W. H. HANUMANTHAPPA.—The Bangalore City Municipality has already sent up a resolution and is awaiting the Government's reply.

Purchase of Medicines—Foreign and Local.

Q.—5. Messrs. T. MADIAH GOWDA (Chennapatna Taluk); **R. RANGIAH** (Chennapatna Municipality); **VEERASANJEEVE GOWDA** (Closepet Taluk); **S. KARIAPPA** (Kankanhalli Taluk) and **A. M. VENKATASAMIAH** (Closepet Municipality).—Will the Government be pleased to state

(*a*) what is the total value of